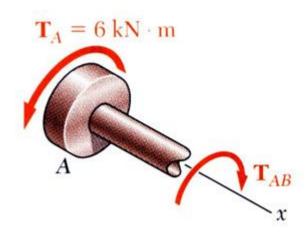


Shaft BC is hollow with inner and outer diameters of 90 mm and 120 mm, respectively. Shafts AB and CD are solid of diameter d. For the loading shown, determine (a) the minimum and maximum shearing stress in shaft BC, (b) the required diameter d of shafts AB and CD if the allowable shearing stress in these shafts is 65 MPa.

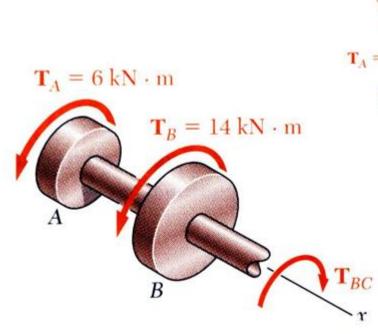
SOLUTION:

- Cut sections through shafts AB and BC and perform static equilibrium analysis to find torque loadings
- Apply elastic torsion formulas to find minimum and maximum stress on shaft BC
- Given allowable shearing stress and applied torque, invert the elastic torsion formula to find the required diameter

 Cut sections through shafts AB and BC and perform static equilibrium analysis to find torque loadings

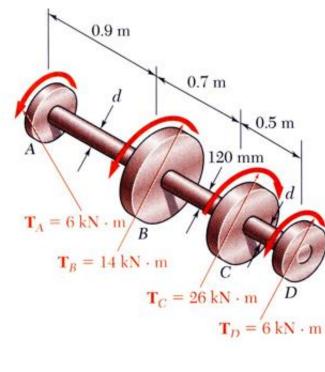


$$\sum M_x = 0 = (6 \,\mathrm{kN \cdot m}) - T_{AB}$$
$$T_{AB} = 6 \,\mathrm{kN \cdot m} = T_{CD}$$

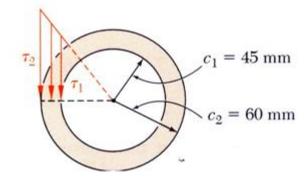


$$\sum M_x = 0 = (6 \,\mathrm{kN \cdot m}) + (14 \,\mathrm{kN \cdot m}) - T_{BC}$$

$$T_{BC} = 20 \,\mathrm{kN \cdot m}$$



· Apply elastic torsion formulas to find minimum and maximum stress on shaft BC



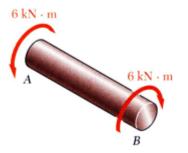
$$J = \frac{\pi}{2} \left(c_2^4 - c_1^4 \right) = \frac{\pi}{2} \left[(0.060)^4 - (0.045)^4 \right]$$
$$= 13.92 \times 10^{-6} \,\mathrm{m}^4$$

$$\tau_{\text{max}} = \tau_2 = \frac{T_{BC}c_2}{J} = \frac{(20 \,\text{kN} \cdot \text{m})(0.060 \,\text{m})}{13.92 \times 10^{-6} \text{m}^4}$$

$$= 86.2 \,\text{MPa}$$

$$\frac{\tau_{\min}}{\tau_{\max}} = \frac{c_1}{c_2} \qquad \frac{\tau_{\min}}{86.2 \,\text{MPa}} = \frac{45 \,\text{mm}}{60 \,\text{mm}}$$

 Given allowable shearing stress and applied torque, invert the elastic torsion formula to find the required diameter



$$\tau_{\text{max}} = \frac{Tc}{J} = \frac{Tc}{\frac{\pi}{2}c^4}$$

$$65MPa = \frac{6 \text{ kN} \cdot \text{m}}{\frac{\pi}{2}c^3}$$

$$65MPa = \frac{6 \,\mathrm{kN} \cdot \mathrm{m}}{\frac{\pi}{2} c^3}$$

$$c = 38.9 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{m}$$

 $d = 2c = 77.8 \,\mathrm{mm}$