EEE 3352

Electromechanics & Electrical Machines



Lecture 6: Examples



Examples:

A shunt generator has a field resistance of 60 Ω . When the generator delivers 6 kW, the terminal voltage is 120 V, while the generated EMF is 133 V. Determine the

(a) armature circuit resistance and

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6.1

(b) EMF when the output is 2 kW and terminal voltage is 135 V



A CAR





6.2

A CAR

A DC motor operates at 1680 r/min when drawing 28 A from a 230-V supply. If the armature resistance is 0.25 Ω , and assuming all losses are neglected, calculate the

(a) no-load speed

(b) developed power under loaded conditions

(c) torque developed under the given load

La 1680 ×/min n = 28A = 230V 1 Vin = 0.25 R Alsume - Seperately excited - & is Constant.

(a)

$$I_{L} = J_{a_{1}} = 2gA ; n_{1} = 1680 r/min$$

$$V_{0n_{1}} = V_{n} - J_{a_{1}}R_{n} = 230 - 28 \times 0.25 = 223 \vee$$

$$V_{0n_{1}} = k m_{1} \phi = 1680 k \phi = 9 k \phi = \frac{223}{1680} = 0.1327$$

$$Ab = n_{0} - 10 c d ; J_{a_{2}} = 0 ; V_{0n_{2}} = V_{a} = 230 \vee$$

$$V_{0n_{2}} = k \phi n_{2} = 7 - 230 = k \phi m_{2}$$

$$n_{2} = \frac{230}{0.1327} = \frac{1733 r/min}{1000}$$





6.4

- A 240-V shunt motor runs at 800 r/min when the armature current at no-load
- the armature and field circuit resistance are 0.4 and 160 Ω , respectively
- calculate the required resistance to be placed in series with the field to increase the speed to 950 r/min when armature current is 20 A

28 240 V ~ IL 800 × 1mm 950 Flmin 1 14 = 20 A TVin = 160 D = 0+4 D P(WTFTFe) = 0 \$ a If



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