EEE3112 ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE



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Course Syllabus

Electrical Drwaing:

- Electrical & Electronics Symbols
- Various ypes of Electrical & Electronics Diagrams
 -Electronics/Power Equipments/ Power Systems
- Views of Electrical Equipments

Use of Measuring Instruments:

- Instruments for Electrical/Non-Electrical
- Instrument Specifications Range/ Resolution/Accuracy/Reliability/Linearity/Drift/Limitations
- > Earthing, Source of errors, Error calculation
- > Fault finding, Maintenance, Repair techniques

Design:

> Ratings/Specification of components/ equipment

Course Syllabus

Static Mechanics

- Deflection of beams with concentrated/Distributed loading
- > Torsional stresses/ twisting in circular shafts
- Helical, torsion, leaf springs
- > Static equilibrium of coplanar
- > 3-D force/ torque systems

Dynamic Mechanics

- > Rotating Bodies moment of inertia of plane figures
- > 3-dimensional symmetrical objects

Course Breakdown

> Assignments/Tutorials: 5 %

> Min Project: 5 %

> 6 Labs: 10 %

> 1 Mid Semester exam 20 %

> 1 Final Exam 60%

Total 100%

NOTE: Attendance 80% to sit for Final Exam

Text Books

□ Prescribed Texts:

- ➤ Gregory.B.A., An Introduction to Electrical Instrumentation and Measurement Systems, 2rd Ed., 1981, Longman (ELBS), ISBN 0-333-32836-1.
- ➤ Meriam J.L., Engineering Mechanics Vol.I: Statics, 1980, Macmillan, ISBN 0-471-05808-4.

□ Recommended Text:

➤ Meriam J.L., Engineering Mechanics Vol.II: Dynamic, 1980, Macmillan, ISBN: 0-471-05810-6.

Electrical Drawing

By M.M

Views of Electrical Equipment

EEE3112 By M.M

□ Capacitors:

> Unpolarised (Large Values, 1μF+)



Trimmer Capacitor:



Variable Capacitor:

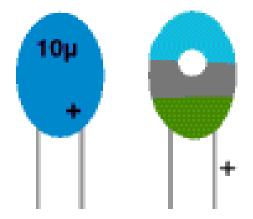


Graphical Symbols/Rating

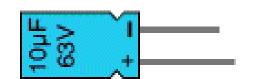
□ Polarised(Small values, upto 1µF)

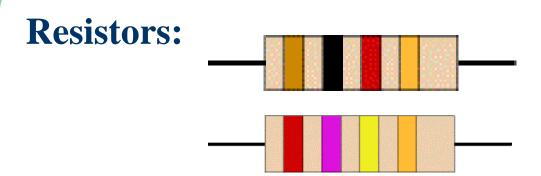
Electrolytic Capacitors (EC):

- -Polarised
- -One lead is marked + or -
- -Not damaged by heat when soldering
- -Designs: axial-leads attached to each end
 Radial-leads attached at same ends
- **□** Tantalum Bead Capacitors:









Function:

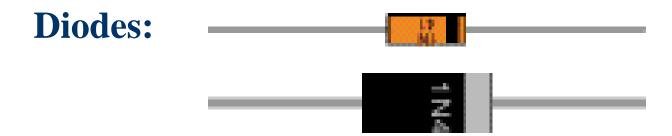
-Restrict flow of electric current, e.g resistor is placed in series with LED to limit current passing through LED

Connection and Soldering:

- -Connection is either way round
- -Not damaged by heat when soldering

Units:

-ohms Ω



Function:

- > Allow electriity to flow in only one direction
- Arrow of cct symbol shows direction in which current can flow
- Diodes are electrical version of a valve and early diodes were called valves

□ Zener Diode: regulate output voltage

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k

☐ Types of Bridge Rectifiers: Contain four diodes

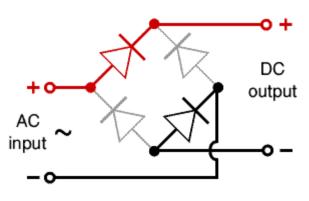






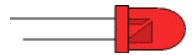






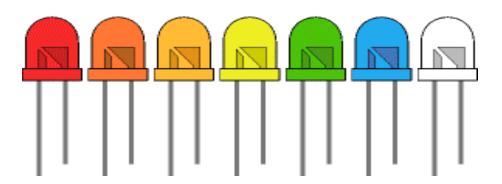
Circuit Diagram

□ Light Emitting Diodes (LED):



□ Function:

- a k
- > LEDs emit light when an electric passes through them
- □ Colours of LEDs
- > Red, Orange, Amber, Yellow, Green, Blue, and White
- > Blue & White are more expensive than other colours













□ Lamp Holders:



Screw Terminals

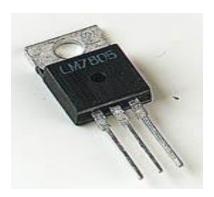


Solder Tags

□ Small Transformer: 230V AC to 5V AC



□ Voltage Regulator ICs



Electrical Equipments

Recloser:



Remote operation switch:

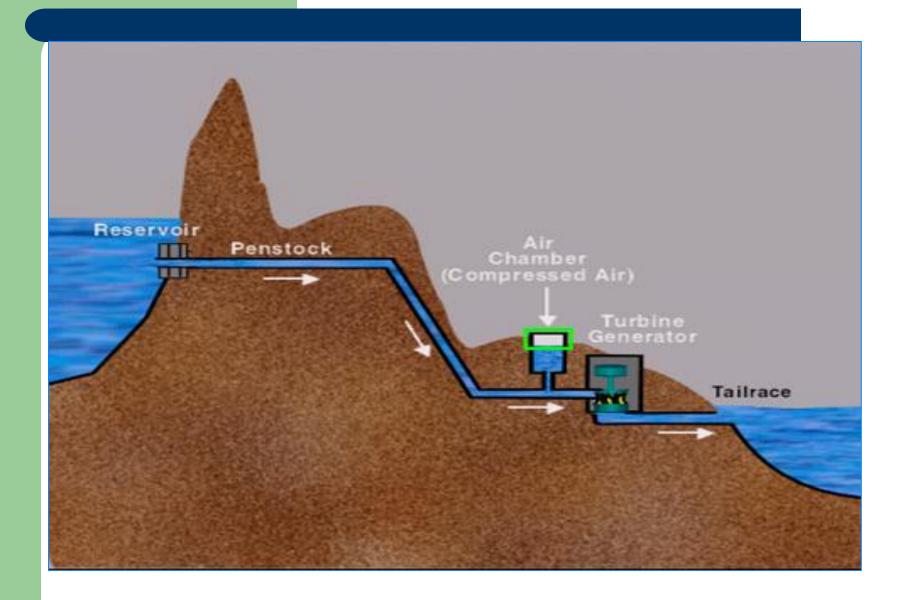


Electrical Equipments

- Capacitor banks:
 - Reduce voltage drop
 - Reduce losses
 - Improve power factor
- Are often switched off at night



Electrical Power Generation

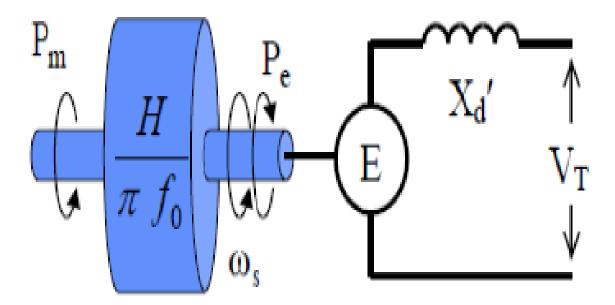


Electrical Generator

Synchronous Machine Model

E=Induced Voltage

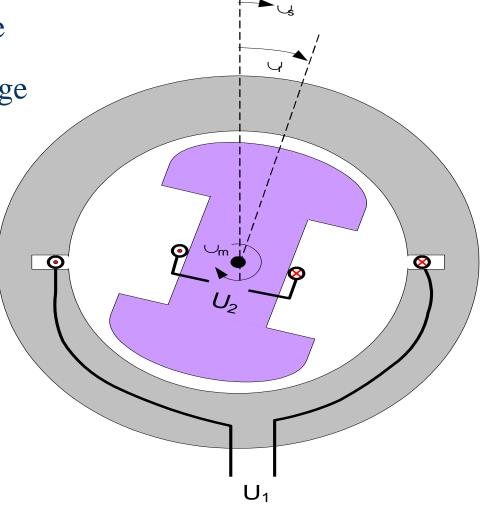
V_T= Terminal Voltage



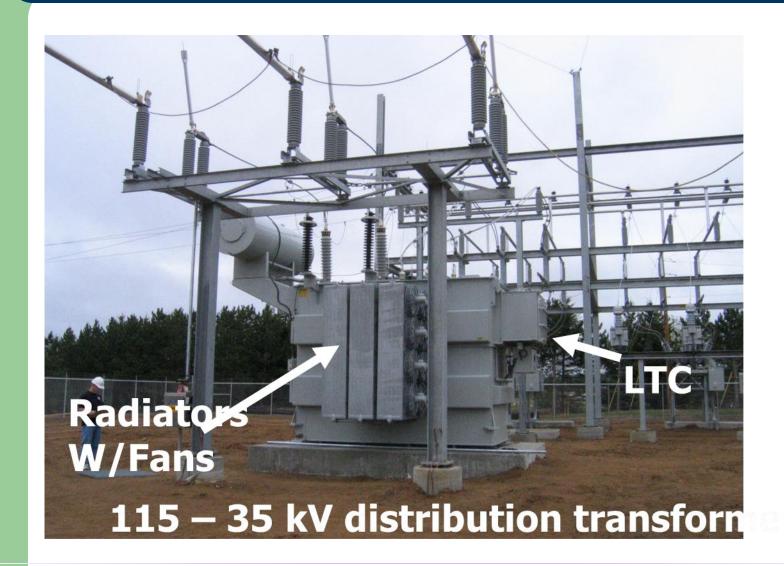
Electrical generator

➤ U₁= Induced voltage

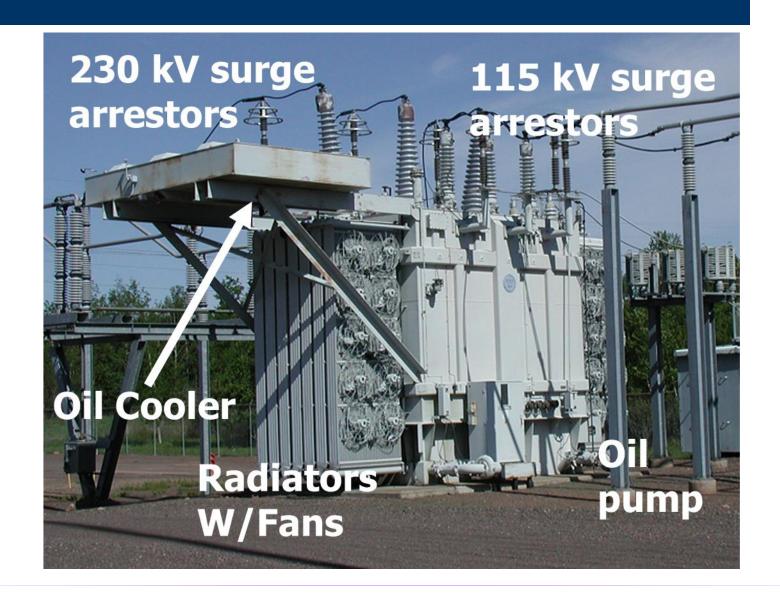
➤ U₂=Excitation Voltage



Transmission to Distribution Transfomer



Transmission Level Transformer



Transmission Line

□ 330kV line



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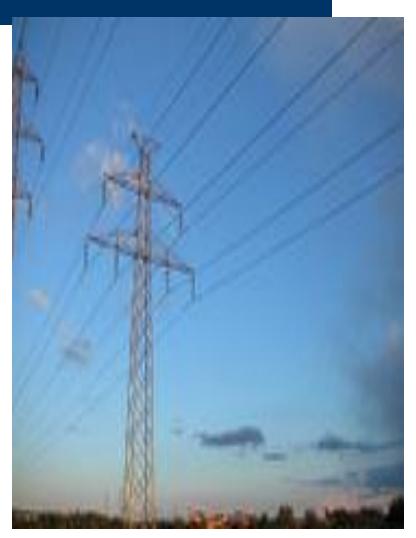
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Transmission Lines



Power lines near Double circuits

Helsinki, Finland



Power lines showing double circuits

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Conductors

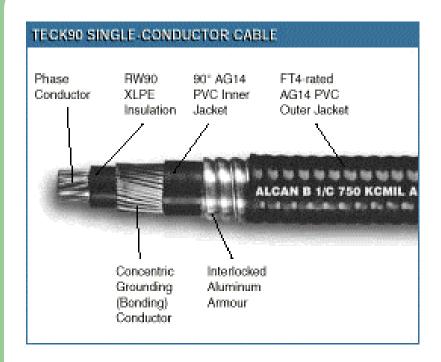
Overhead Cables:

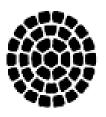
- > Where conductor close proximity is required
- > Insulating jacket surrounds each conductor
- > Plastic spacers keep conductors from coming in

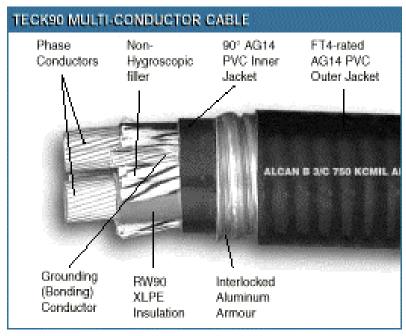
contact with each other



Cables







Specification

CSA C22.2 No. 131 (TECK)

CSA C22.2 No. 174 (Hazardous Locations)

FT4-Rated: Vertical Flame Test - cable in cable tray (IEEE P1202)

AG14 inner and outer PVC jacket:

Maximum 14% acid gas emission by weight

FMRC Class 3972 Fire Test GP-2 (jacketed)

GP-1 (unjacketed)

Cables

- > Underground transmission / distribution cables
- > Semiconducting material surrounds the conductor to grade the electric field
- > Plastic jacket provides insulation and protection

> Neutral strands for an outer shell for protection and

return path for currents



Circuit Breakers





Current Transformers



Very High Voltage CT



Medium-Voltage CT

Voltage Transformers



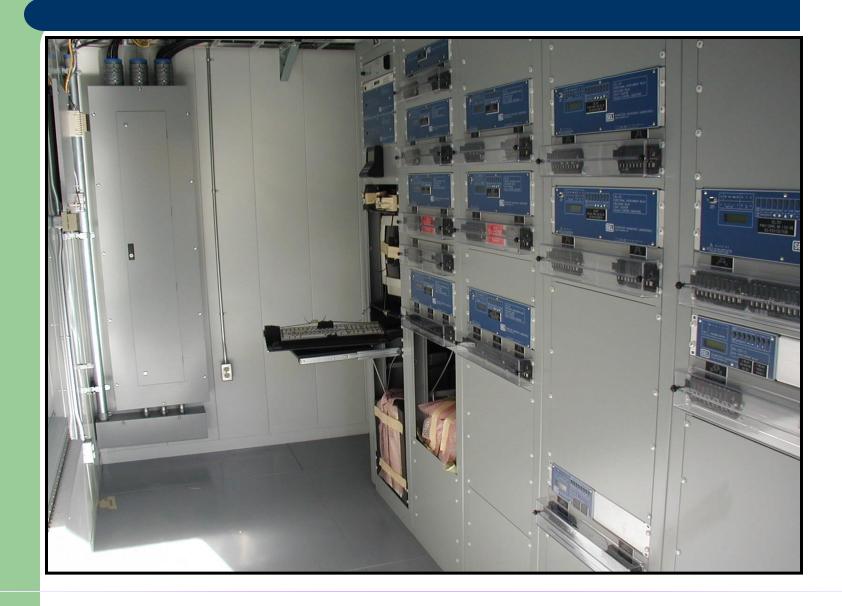
High Voltage



Medium Voltage

Note: Voltage transformers are also known as potential transformers

Protective Relays



Examples of Relay Panels



Old Electromechanical



Microprocessor-Based Relay