

Q6

$$(b) f(x) = \begin{cases} x, & -\pi < x < 0 \\ \pi - x, & 0 < x < \pi \end{cases}$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x dx + \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - x) dx$$

$$a_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{x^2}{2} \right]_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\pi x - \frac{x^2}{2} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\frac{0^2}{2} - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right] + \frac{1}{2\pi} \left[\pi^2 - \frac{\pi^2}{2} \right]$$

$$a_0 = -\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{4} = 0$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \cos(nx) dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi \cos(nx) - x \cos(nx)) dx$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \cos(nx) dx + \int_0^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx - \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \cos(nx) dx$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x & dv &= \cos(nx) dx \\ du &= dx & v &= \frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= x & dm &= \cos(nx) dx \\ du &= dx & m &= \frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \end{aligned}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\underbrace{\frac{x \sin(nx)}{n}}_0 \Big|_{-\pi}^0 - \frac{1}{n} \int_{-\pi}^0 \sin(nx) dx \right] - \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\underbrace{\frac{x \sin(nx)}{n}}_0 \Big|_0^{\pi} - \frac{1}{n} \int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) dx \right]$$

$$a_n = -\frac{1}{\pi n} \left[-\frac{\cos(nx)}{n} \right]_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{\pi n} \left[-\frac{\cos(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi}$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi n^2} [1 - \cos(n\pi)] + \frac{1}{\pi n^2} [-\cos(n\pi) + 1]$$

$$a_n = \frac{1}{\pi n^2} [1 - (-1)^n - (-1)^n + 1] = \frac{1}{\pi n^2} [2 - 2(-1)^n]$$

$$a_n = \frac{2}{\pi n^2} [1 - (-1)^n]$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin(nx) dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi - x) \sin(nx) dx$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin(nx) dx + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} (\pi \sin(nx) - x \sin(nx)) dx$$

$$b_n = \underbrace{\frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 x \sin(nx) dx}_A + \underbrace{\int_0^{\pi} \sin(nx) dx}_B - \underbrace{\frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} x \sin(nx) dx}_C$$

A

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} u = x \quad dv = \sin(nx) dx \\ du = dx \quad v = -\frac{\cos(nx)}{n} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{1}{\pi} \left[-\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} \right]_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_{-\pi}^0 \cos(nx) dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(-\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} \right)_{-\pi}^0 + \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right)_{-\pi}^0 \right] = \frac{(-1)^n}{n} = A$$

B

$$= \left[-\frac{\cos(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{1 - (-1)^n}{n} = B$$

C

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} u = x \quad dv = \sin(nx) dx \\ du = dx \quad v = -\frac{\cos(nx)}{n} \end{array} \right\} = -\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx$$

$$= -\frac{1}{\pi} \left[\left(\frac{x \cos(nx)}{n} \right)_0^{\pi} + \frac{1}{n} \left(\frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right)_{-\pi}^0 \right] = \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$$

$$b_n = A + B + C$$

$$b_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{n} + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{(-1)^n}{n} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$$

$$b_n = \frac{1}{n} + \frac{(-1)^n}{n}$$

$$a_0 = 0 \quad a_n = \frac{2}{\pi n^2} [1 - (-1)^n] \quad b_n = \frac{1 + (-1)^n}{n}$$

$$f(x) = a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos(nx) + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n \sin(nx)$$

$$f(x) = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[\frac{2}{\pi n^2} (1 - (-1)^n) \cos(nx) + \frac{1 + (-1)^n}{n} \sin(nx) \right]$$